CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

On the last section of this research report, the researcher would like to conclude this study as whole through conclusion dealing with several suggestions. They are the following:

5.1 Conclusion

Based on the result of the study having been analyzed and discussed on chapter IV, there are some conclusions stated by the researcher on these followings:

- 1. The English Teacher of the seventh grade students of SMPK Shanti Karya Kupang used three kinds of repair initiations. They were *partial repeat plus questions word, request for repetition, request for translation, definition and information and (partial) repeat.*
- 2. The most common kind of repair initiation spoken by the English teacher during the interaction was request for repetition.
- 3. The frequency of occurrence of repair initiation types done by the teacher is request for repetition amounted to 8, in the second position is request for translation amounted to 2, definition and information amounted to 3 while in the third position is partial repeat plus question word and the last position is (partial) repeat.

5.2 Suggestion

Regarding the study having been done, the researcher gives several suggestions stated below:

- 1. The English Teachers of SMPK Shanti Karya Kupang are expected to use this study as a good input concerning the teacher's role in using kinds of repair initiation of conversational repair in the classroom interaction.
- 2. The students of SMPK Shanti Karya Kupang should build their speaking ability.
- 3. The English Department may use the result of this study for further research, especially related to conversational repair as a role-defining mechanism in classroom interaction.
- 4. The Researcher herself should be able to improve her knowledge concerning how to build and conduct an interaction through oral communication whether in classroom discourse and mundane conversation by using these kinds of repair initiation.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Byrne, Donn. 1976. *Teaching Oral English*. Burnt Mill, Harlow, Essex: Longman Group Ltd. Longman House
- Canale, M., & Swain, M. (1980). Theoretical Bases of Communicative Approaches to Second Language Teaching. In Priscilla A. Hornay, *Repair in Conversation: A Descriptive Study* (pp.103-109). Kupang: Widya Mandira Catholic University (2011)
- Egbert, M. M. (1998). Miscommunication in language proficiency interviews of first-year German students: A comparison with natural conversation. In R. Young & A. Weiyun He (Eds.), *Discourse approaches to the assessment of oral proficiency* (pp.147–169). Amsterdam: John Benjamins. In J.D.O'cain & G.Liebscher, Conversational Repair as A Role-Defining Mechanism in Classroom Interaction. Canada: University of Alberta (2003)
- Hornay, P. 2007. "The Analysis of Repair in the Conversation of the Second Semester Students of English Study Program of Widya Mandira Catholic University in the Academic Year 2006/2007 (Thesis)". Kupang: Widya Mandira Catholic University
- Jung, E. H. (1999). The organization of second language classroom repair. Issues in Applied Linguistics, 10, 153–171. In J.D.O'cain & G.Liebscher, Conversational Repair as A Role-Defining Mechanism in Classroom Interaction. Canada: University of Alberta (2003)
- Kasper, G. (1985). Repair in foreign language teaching. *Studies in Second Language Acquisition*, 7, 200–215. In J.D.O'cain & G.Liebscher, Conversational Repair as A Role-Defining Mechanism in Classroom Interaction. Canada: University of Alberta (2003)
- Long, M. (1989). Task, Group, and Task Group Interaction. In D. Masats., & V. Unamuno, *Constructing social identities and discourse through repair activities* (2001:239).
- McHoul, A.W. (1990). The organization of repair in classroom talk. *Language in Society*, 19, 349–377.
 In J.D.O'cain & G.Liebscher, Conversational Repair as A Role-Defining Mechanism in Classroom Interaction. Canada: University of Alberta (2003)
- Musumeci, D. (1996). Teacher-learner negotiation in content-based instruction: Communication at cross-purposes? *Applied Linguistics*, 17, 286–325. In J.D.O'cain & G.Liebscher, Conversational Repair as A Role-Defining Mechanism in Classroom Interaction. Canada: University of Alberta (2003)
- Olson, K. 1994. Content for Conversation Partner. The English Teacher Volume XXIII.
- Pica, T. (1996a). Do second language learners need negotiation? *IRAL*, 34, 1–21. In J.D.O'cain & G.Liebscher, Conversational Repair as A Role-Defining Mechanism in Classroom Interaction. Canada: University of Alberta (2003)

- Pica, T. (1996b). Second language learning through interaction: Multiple perspectives. Working Papers in Educational Linguistics, 12, 1–22. In J.D.O'cain & G.Liebscher, Conversational Repair as A Role-Defining Mechanism in Classroom Interaction. Canada: University of Alberta (2003)
- Pica, T., R. Young, & C. Doughty. (1987) The impact of interaction on comprehension. *TESOL Quarterly*, 21, 737–759. In J.D.O'cain & G.Liebscher, Conversational Repair as A Role-Defining Mechanism in Classroom Interaction. Canada: University of Alberta (2003)
- Schegloff, E. A., Jefferson, G., & Sacks, H. (1977). The preference for self-correction in the organization of repair in conversation. *Language*, 53, 361–382. In J.D.O'cain & G.Liebscher, Conversational Repair as A Role-Defining Mechanism in Classroom Interaction. Canada: University of Alberta (2003)
- Spada, N. (1987). Relationships between instructional differences and learning outcomes: A processproduct study of communicative language teaching. *Applied Linguistics*, 8, 137–161. In J.D.O'cain & G.Liebscher, Conversational Repair as A Role-Defining Mechanism in Classroom Interaction. Canada: University of Alberta (2003)
- Spada, N. (1997). Form-focussed instruction and second language acquisition: A review of classroom and laboratory research. *Language Teaching*, 30, 73–87. In J.D.O'cain & G.Liebscher, Conversational Repair as A Role-Defining Mechanism in Classroom Interaction. Canada: University of Alberta (2003)
- Van Lier, L. (1988). *The classroom and the language learner*. London: Longman. In J.D.O'cain & G.Liebscher, Conversational Repair as A Role-Defining Mechanism in Classroom Interaction. Canada: University of Alberta (2003)